CITY INTELLIGENCE. ST. PATRICK'S DAY.

Arcland's Patron Saint-His Public and Private Career-The Observance of the Bay-

Services, Sermens, and Suppers.

Ine 17th of March has long been set apart as a day sacred to the memory of the Irish Apostle, Saint, and Prophet, St. Patrick. It will be fully observed by all his faithful followers.

St. Patrick was born somewhere about the year A. D. 372, but, contrary to what might naturally be expected, was not a native of Ireland. That country, with which his history is intimately connected, was the land of his adoption only. It is not known whether England.

Scotland, Wales, or France has the best vight to Scotland, Wales, or France has the best right to be considered his birthplace. But, wherever born, he was of aristocratic parentage, is said to have been stolen away by a band of pirates when he was sixteen years of age, and sold into elavery in Ireland. For seven years he was compelled to adopt the occupation of swineherd on Mount Sleamish, in county Antrim. The country was then inhabited by heathen, whose language and customs he spent his time in acquiring. Having managed at length to escape from bondage, he made his way through great difficulties to the continent, where he was successively ordained deacon, priest, and bishop. He then returned to the country of his bondage and began to preach the gospel to the Irish heathen. He was most vehemently opposed in this by the priests of the old Druidical belief. These priests are said to have dealt in miracles and magic of the most astounding description. They directed all their magic arts to the putting down of the Christian bishop, who in turn was forced to resort to the same measures. By his miraculous power he cursed the fertile lands of his opponents and caused them to become barren, he cursed the rivers and the fish deserted them, he cursed their pots so that they could not boil their witching broth, and finally cursed the Druids themselves, when the earth yawned and

swallowed them up.

Among the miracles attributed to him is one of making a fire with lumps of ice, and another the famous one of driving reptiles of all kinds from the island by the beating of a drum. The drum was broken during the progress of this act, and an angel opportunely appeared and mended it. The drum, patch and all, was on exhibition for several centuries in Ireland. St. Patrick died at Saul, in his one hundred and twenty-first year, on the 17th of March, 493. Various localities claim the honor of his last resting place. What is said to be his jaw-bone has been for many years in the possession of a family residing near Belfast. It is used to cure diseases, to defend from witches, and to prove

innocence. The day will be celebrated in various ways in this city. This afternoon the Hibernian Society will give their annual dinner, General Robert Patterson presiding. It takes place at 4 o'clock at the Continental. The Celtic Association does the same thing at 7½ o'clock this evening at the La Pierre House, with Dr. R. Shelton Mackenzie in the chair. The annual ball of the Fenian Brotherhood will be held in Musical Fund Hall. A lecture on the Saint will be de-livered in the Academy of Music this evening. In former times it was customary the Irish societies to get up street parades, but the proverbial poorness of the weather on the occasion has caused this proceeding to fall into disuse.

The Religious Services To-day at St. Patrick's Church.—The religious observance of the festival of St. Patrick at St. Patrick's Catholic Church, Twenty-fourth and Locust streets, was a most interesting occasion, participated in by an immense multitude of persons. The cere-monies did not commence until 10½ o'clock, but long lefore that hour the church was crowded to suffocation. The altars were handsomely decorated and illuminated, and the clergy were all clad in rich and becoming vestments.

Solemn Pontifical Mass was celebrated by Right Rev. Bishop Becker, of Wilmington, Del., with the following assistants:—Assistant Priest, Rev. James E. Mulholland; Deacon of the Mass, Rev. Ignatius Horstmann, D. D.; Sub Deacon, Rev. D. Kennedy; Deacons of Honor, Rev. J. J. Elcock and Kev. James O'Reilley; Masters of Ceremony, Rev. A. J. McConomy and Rev. J. J. Boyle. The sermon was preached by Rev. Thomas W. Power, of St. Mary's Church, and was an eloquent portrayal of the life and doings conclude until nearly one o'clock.

LOCAL ODDS AND ENDS .- We yesterday in passing along Callowhill street noticed gathered around a sausage shop a number of canines. It is a question with us as to whether some fellow had been whistling "Yankee Doodle, the animals were bound upon a rescue of their

-We do not know the amount of salary that is allotted to members of the Legislature, but we do know of one member elected but a year or two ago who now owns several valuable properties, and of another who in one term realized enough to enable him to "play the gentleman."

-The inebriated individual who apologized so profusely to the man whom he knocked over last night is hereby informed that the gentleman was not injured to any greater extent than the chipping off of some paint from the bundle of wooden cigars which he held extended.

-It is astonishing to notice the hand-shaking done by would-be Congressmen. We noticed an aspirant hobnobbing with a man on Chesnut street, a few days ago, who six months back he would not have deigned to notice. Politics is a great leveller, as Sam Weller would say. -Independence Square should be vigilantly

guarded day and night, and the gambling or "penny-pitching" of the newsboys stopped. The sacred soil should not be so desecrated -Mr. John Campbell is now endeavoring to Chase the negro into the Democratic pen, with about the same success that the party he clung to attempted to bind them in slavery.

-Professor Morton yesterday received the first premium medal of the American Institute, New York, for the best photographic view of the late solar eclipse.

-Philadelphia boasts some of the handsomest females in the Union, as a walk along Chesnut street will prove; nevertheless there are a few very homely ones to be seen now and then.

Our city fathers meet again to-day, but whether they will transact any business will be the better determined to-morrow.

Ungrateful Scoundrel .- On New Third street, below Columbia avenue, resides a lady named Gertrude Smith, whose heart over-flows with the milk of human kindness, and who being honest in her own actions, judges others by the same criterion. On the 7th ult., a fellow named Samuel Shaw, an Englishman, aged about twenty-niae years, called on Mrs. Smith and told her a pitiful tale, stating that he was hungry, penniless, friendless, and with no prospect of employment. Mrs. Smith condoled with the fellow, took him in, clothed, fed, and otherwise assisted him, and acted the part of a mother and a Christian lady. On Monday last Samuel was missing, and whilst his benefactress was worrying as to his whereabouts she discovered that a fine beaver overcoat, a pair of pants, some shirts, and several handkerchiefs had also disappeared. The next boarding house will be provided for Samuel at the expense of the Common-

MARINE.-Yesterday afternoon Henry Clifford, one of the crew of the fine, spacious and commodious craft "142" that plies through the raging canal between this city and New Bruns-wick, left the vessel at Pier No. 12 Port Richmond, and with Henry left a pair of pants, a coat, a six barreled revolver, several shirts, and a small sum of money, the whole being the property of Captain Henry Kirby, of the "142."

ABUSE OF THE NICOLSON.-John and Robert Conningham were vesterday arrested at Broad and Columbia avenue, for fast and reckless driving. Alderman Hood held them in \$500 ball each to answer.

VAGRANCY.—Last night no less than 121 va-grants were accommodated with lodgings at the Third District Station House. Of these 33 were

Coroner's Investigation in the Case of J. G. Nagel - Examination of Witnesses - Verdict of the Jary.

At 11 o'crocs this morning Coroner Taylor sum-moned a jury and commenced an investigation into the circumstances attending the death of Mr. John George Nagel, who, it is alleged, was beaten to death by two colored men in front of his residence, No. 11 Leutia street. The affair occurred on the night of the 9th of March, and soon after Thomas Hill, one of the assailants, was arrested. The other effected his escape. Mr. Nagel lingered until last Monday evening, when death put an end to his sufferings. Hill was present at the investigation to-day. The

John George Nagel sworn—I am fifteen years of age; reside No. 11 Letitus street; lived there with my father; know the prisoner; he boarded next door to us; on last Wednesday evening week a colored man came along the sidewalk in iront of our house man came along the steewalk in rout of our source and pushed against my father; father told him to be careful how he walked; the black man caught hold of my father, when our boy Schnable interfered and said, "You had better not strike him;" the man then took off his coat and commenced the attack on my father; he knocked him down and strack him; the man picked up a brick and threw it at my father, but the missile struck me; Hill then came up and renewed the assault, striking my father and knock-

ing him down; he also struck my mother.

Louis Schnable sworn—I work at Mr. Nagel's
bakery; remember the night of the occurrence; Mr.
Nagel went out of doors, and I followed him to the Nagel went out of doors, and I followed him to the sidewalk; saw a colored man (not the prisoner) push against him; Mr. Naget told him to be careful how he walked; the black man said, "Sive me none of your np;" I told the colored man if he struck air. Nagel it would be bad for him; the black man then took off his coat and struck Mr. Nagel, knocking him to the sidewalk; Hill came up and tripped Mr. Nagel, and the latter fell with his head on the sidewalk; while Mr. Nagel was down the prisoner struck him in the face; Mrs Nagel came out of the house, when the prisoner struck her; the first negro threw a brick at young Nagel.

when the prisoner struck her; the first hegre threw a brick at young Nagel.

Mrs. Johanna Kay sworn—I reside No. 7 Black Horse alley; on the evening of the occurrence I helped Mr. Nagel into his house; Mrs. Nagel was bleeding from a wound in the face.

Mary Burns sworn—I reside No. 13 Letitia street; heard some dispute on our payement and looking.

Mary Burns sworn—I reside No. 18 Letitia street; I heard some dispute on our pavement, and looking out of the window saw a colored man quarrelling with Mr. Nagel; heard the black man say, "Do you want to fightr" and then saw him@take oif his coat; when I got down stairs I saw Nagel lying on the pavement; the black man picked up a brick, threw It, and ran down the street; Hill then joined in the assault and knocked Mr. Nagel down over a cellar door; he had his hands on Mr. Nagel's throat when down and struck him.

George Schreiner sworn.—I reside No. 431 Long-George Schreiner sworn.—I reside No. 431 Lom-

bard street; was in Lettia street on the night of the occurrence; saw Hill on the street; he went up to Mr. Nagel and striking him, knocked him down; when down he dealt him another blow; Mrs. Nagel came out to the rescue of her husband, when the prisoner struck her in the face.

Officer Pendeville testified that he arrested Hill

officer rendevine testined that he arrested Hill
the second night after the occurrence; he had
trouble with him; the prisoner knocked him down
and witness was compelled to use the blackjack on
him; witness told him he was the man who beat
Nagel, to which he replied, "Yes, and you white
— I'll kill you." At Fourth and Market streets the prisoner toriew away a knife; he pulled it out on witness and was forced to throw it away when the officer threatened to shoot him if he did not.

Young Nagel was recalled, and testified that his father did not strike the colored man first; he was going away on business when the black man pushed against him, would know the other colored man if against him; would know the other colored man if I

against him; would know the other colored man if I saw him; his name is George Black.

Mr. Lunday was called and testified to seeing the prisoner strike Mr. Nagel.

Dr. Shapleigh testified—Mr. Nagel was a heavy man, five feet eight inches in height, and weighed 180 or 190 pounds; there was an extensive bruise en the left side of the face and forehead, which, on dissection, was found to involve the whole temporal muscle; there was a fracture four and a half inches long, running obliquely downwards from near the long, running obliquely downwards from near the parietal protuberance, and entirely across the tem-poral bone; from this two fractures run up for three-fourths of an inch; between the bone and dura mater there was found a clot of blood immediately mater there was found a clot of blood immediately above the ear; the membranes of the brain were congested and inflamed; the bloodvessels of the brain were greatly congested, but the substance of this organ was sound; the deceased came to his death from violence, a fall, or blows upon the head; the immediate causes of death were compression, congestion, and to amount of the brain. congestion, and inflammation of the brain.

The evidence here closed, and the jury, after deliberation, rendered the following verdict:-"That the said John G. Nagel came to his death from violence (blows on his head) at the hands of Thomas Hill and George Black, on the night of March 9, 1870, in front of premises No. 13 Letitla street.'

Hill was committed. Black is still at large. SPECIAL MEETING OF THE COMMERCIAL EXCHANGE.—A special meeting of the Commer cial Exchange was held at noon to-day to take action on the death of Mr. Theodore Wilson, well-known cracker baker of Philadelphia, and late Treasurer of this association. The meeting was called to order by Mr. Nathan Brook, Pre sident, who stated the object for which it had been convened. The following was then offered by Mr. George Pierie, Assistant Secretary, and

was unanimously adopted:-Whereas, It has pleased Almighty God to remove from our midst Theodore Wilson, late treasurer of this organization, therefore

Resolved, That while we acquiesce in the most reverential spirit in the decrees of Divine Providence, we deplore the loss of one who has endeared himself to all by the ties of personal affection and friendship, and the fidelity with which he has dis-charged his official duties to this association. dved, That a committee of seven members

appointed to condole with the afflicted family of the deceased, and to make the necessary arrangements for our attendance at his funeral. The following gentlemen were then appointed

to constitute the committee:—John S. Ivens, John H. Michener, W. Duke Marphy, D. P. Carrick, Henry L. Gill, Frank C. Hill, and A. J. Mr. George W. Mears made a short address

eulogistic of the late member, and sketching the history of his last illness. At a meeting of the Board of Managers of the Exchange, Walter G. Wilson, a son of the de-

ceased, was unanimously elected Treasurer pro-

tem., to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death. THE FRANKLIN INSTITUTE.-The regular monthly meeting of the Franklin Institute was held last evening in the hall on Seventh street, President Coleman Sellers in the chair,

Mr. Hector Orr read before the society quite a lengthy paper on "Printing Presses." The subject was one of considerable interest and was well treated. It was listened to throughout with the greatest attention, and received with much applause.

The report of the Secretary, Professor Henry Morton, was read. The report noticed several engineering works and new inventions. Among these were a new mechanical movement of gearing for changing relative velocities, invented by Mr. William F. Goodwin and presented by J. H. Cooper, and a new form of water regulator invented by Professor Bunsen. The inventions were explained by means of diagrams thrown upon the screen. Some articles were exhibited which had been plated with nickel in a superior manner by the Adams process. The plating was done by the Star Nickel Plating Company. A number of photographs of icebergs near the coast of Labrador, ent to Professor Morton by Professor J. P. Cook, were shown upon the screen by means of the lautern, and formed quite a pleasing cuter-

CALF VS. CALVES .- Sylvester Ogle and another chap whose name we can't find in the directory yesterday broke open a stall in the Girard Avenue Market and took therefrom a calf, or rather the portions of a calf. Sylvester shouldered the greater and "unknown" the lesser, and both marched triumphantly away. But, alas for human expectations! their fond hopes of fresh veal were doomed to be blasted. One of Mayor Fox's men saw the whole transaction and followed after them. The pair, although wanting the meat, did not want to meet him, hence they started on a run. "Unknown," thinking it meet, threw his meat away and escaped. Sylvester struggled on, but his calves at length tired and be halted. The officer then came up, and marched him to the office of

Alderman Massey, who sent him to prison. SLIGHT FIRE .- About 4:30 o'clock this morn ing a slight fire occurred in the cellar of the tavern of one Lafferty, southeast corner of Sixteenth and Race streets. A few buckets of water sufficed to stay the progress of the devooring element.

THIRD EDITION

Methodist Conference at:Pottsville

Robeson and the Cuban Question.

Boutwell and the Funding Bill

The Proceedings of Congress To-day.

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

FROM THE STATE.

The Philadelphia Conference-Report of the Committee on Claims. Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph. SECOND DAY.

POTTSVILLE, March 17 .- The religious services were conducted by Dr. Carrow. The commission to adjust the claims between the Philadelphia and Wilmington Conferences

reported. The report was considered serialim and adopted. The Conference Stewards proceeded to call

for the moneys raised for worn-out preachers and their widows and orphans. The reports showed that the churches had fully come up to their assessments. The amount received will aggregate nearly \$8000. The order of the day was taken. The vote of

the laity within the bounds of the conference was reported, showing the majority of votes in favor of Lay Delegation to be 5307. The roll of the conference was then called, and each minister present answered to his name. During the taking of the vote the most intense interest was manifested. The result was 127 yeas to 17 nays. A paper was read from the Baltimore Conference, recommending certain additions to the fifth restrictive rule, preventing the General Conference from further extending the term of ministerial service. Also to prevent any alteration in the composition of the Annual Conference, and that the authority of the bishops shall not be restricted. To-morrow at 10 o'clock was fixed as the time for the taking of the vote.

A committee of five on the Sabbath was or-

The annual examination of effective Elders was taken up. Rev. W. Cooper represented the North Philadelphia District. Rev. John Thompson was reported as disabled from effective service. Rev. J. H. Maclaughlin was located at his own request. Rev. C. W. Ayars was reported as having died in triumph on the 18th of November last.

Rev. Gray represented the South Philadelphia District. Adjourned.

PENNSYLVANIA LEGISLATURE.

HARRISBURG, March 17.—Among the petitions were some by Messrs. Nagle, Watt, and Con-

were some by Messrs. Nagle, Watt, and Con-nell, against the bill compelling the produce wagons to leave Second street. The bill was introduced by Mr. Stokes, of the House, and has passed that body.

The following bills were reported favorably:
—Senate bill incorporating the Security Storage Company; also, Senate suppliment to the Phila-delphia Fountain Society.

Senate bill requiring all children in the First

School district to attend school. This is the Board of Control bill.

Mr. Henszey, from the Philadelphia Senators, reported his Paving bill introduced yesterday, and an act authorizing the Commissioners of City Property to clean market houses.

Mr. Nagle said that the Philadelpt ia Senators had held no regular meeting that he knew of. He moved that the bills be referred back, which was agreed to. The following bills were introduced:-

Mr. Lowry introduced a joint resolution protesting against the passage by Congress of the Sherman Funding bill, and in favor of the General Government furnishing and redeeming the whole currency of the country to all who want and will pay for it in the bonds of the Govern-Mr. Rutan, exempting persons who either

offer or accept bribes from prosecution in case they appear and testify to the facts. Mr. Watt, that owners, masters, or consignees of vessels arriving from foreign ports shall such fees as directed by the Board of Port Wardens to the Harbor Master or Master Warden.

and on neglect for twenty-four hours shall be subjected to a penalty of \$10.

Mr. Connell, declaring that the south line of

Chesnut street, between the Delaware and Schuylkill, shall be 539 feet southward of the south line of Market street. Also, incorporating the Wissahickon and Chestnut Hill Railway Company. Also, confirming the by-laws of the Coal Exchange.

The House Appropriation bill was reported by Mr. Billingfelt, but was recommitted in order to be printed. The Police bill came up on third

Mr. Nagle moved to postpone its considera-tion for the present. The vote was 16 ayes to 16 noes. Before the result was announced, however, Mr. Nagle called attention to the fact that Mr. Kerr had voted, although he had been paired off with a Democrat on all political questions.

Mr. Kerr acknowledged his inadvestence, and withdrew his vote.

The bill was finally postponed and made the special order for to-morrow.

Mr. Josephs made a personal explanation re-lative to his course on the Gambling bill. He had not been opposed to any bill introduced in good faith, but simply to those for blackmailing purposes. The press had misconstrued his re-

The House bill probibiting corporations or contractors from keeping or being interested in the keeping of stores, or issuing orders, due-bills, or other evidence of debt in the payment of any labor, service, or work done corporations, came up as the special order of the day. The bill was discussed at length, but post-

Mr. Creitz moved to reconsider the vote by which the bill extending the boundary lines of St. Clair borough, Schuylkill county, was indefi-

Mr. Davis said Mr. Elliott, who had secured the indefinite postponement of the bill, was absent from his seat, and moved to postpone the motion for the present, which was agreed to.

FROM BALTIMORE.

St. Patrick's Day. BALTIMORE, March 17 .- St. Patrick's Day was observed here by a parade of Irish benevolent societies and a detachment of militia.

FROM EUROPE.

This Afternoon's Quetations.

This Afterneon's Quetations.

LONDON, March 17—11:30 A. M.—Consols for money, 92%; for account, 93. United States Five-twenties of 1862, 91; of 1865, old, 90%; of 1867, 89%; 10-408, 87. Eric Railroad, 22%; fillinois Central, 115%; Great Western, 30.

LONDON, March 17—11:30 A. M.—Linseed Cakes quiet. Sugar firmer, both on the spot and afloat, Spirits turpentine quiet at 30s. 3d.@30s. 6d. Whale oil firm. Calcutta linseed, 61s. 9d.

HAVEE, March 17.—Cotton opened quiet and HAVRE, March 17 .- Cotton opened quiet and

FROM WASHINGTON.

The Funding Bill.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.
Washington, March 17.—Secretary Soutwell was
before the Ways and Means Committee for two hefore the Ways and Meass Committee for two hours this morning, consulting with them about the funding bill. The Secretary urged that the features of the original bill about paying the interest abroad be restored, as it would be an inducement for foreign, capitalists to take the bonds. For the sake of speedily disposing of the loan he thought we should sucrifice any feeling of national pride in connection with this matter.

sacrifice any feeling of national pride in connection with this matter.

He did not insist upon restoring one per cent, instead of one-half for expenses in exchanging bonds, on account of the strong opposition of the Senate to that feature of the bill. The Secretary insisted upon the speedy passage of the measure, and hoped the House would act upon it favorably. The committee will not report the bill until next week. They will have another meeting on Saturday, and it is believed some important changes will be made in the bill.

Alnaka. The House Committee on Territories agreed to-day to report a bill attaching Alaska to Washington Territory, allowing it a proportionate representation in the Territorial Council of Washington.

The Cuban Question.

Secretary Robeson had an interview with the House Foreign Affairs Committee to-day on the Cuban question. The Secretary detailed the number and strength of our naval force in Cuban waters, giving also the strength of Spanish navy in that quarter. He was questioned as to the ability of our navy to protect American citivens in Cuba, and replied that provided no difficulty should arise between the United States and Spain our naval force was suffi-United States and Spain our naval force was sufficient for the protection of the American interests in in the West Indies. With regard to the prospects of the insurgents Secretary Robeson agrees in the main with Secretary Fish. The Committee has not agreed on any report as yet.

The Batler Case.

There is a good deal of division among members as to the probable action of the House in the case of Butler, of Tennessee. General Logan thinks two-thirds cannot be induced to vote for his expulsion. The evidence in the case was laid on the desks o members this morning, and as it is very damaging to Butler it is thought the minds of members are con-siderably changed.

Naval Orders. Ensign Richards Clorer is detached from the Naval Observatory, and ordered to signal duty. Easign Edwin K. Moore is detached from signal duty at Washington and ordered to the Colorado. Ensign Charles W. Jarboe is detached from signal duty at Washington and ordered to the Naval Observatory. Ensign D. Kindleberger is detached from duty at the naval rendezvous, San Francisco, and ordered to the receiving ship Independence. Paymaster John Brittenhouse is detached from duty as inspector of provisions and clothing at Philadelphia, and ordered

CONGRESS. FORTY-FIRST TERM-SECOND SESSION.

Sennte. Washington, March 17 .- Petitions were pre-

sented as follows:—
By Mr. Fenton, from a convention of Friends of Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, and Indiana yearly meetings connected with the Indians of the Northern Superintendency in Nebraska, for an appropriation to purchase wagons, etc., and to erect suitable houses for

wagons, etc., and to erect suitable houses for the Indians.

By Mr. Vickers, of a like import.

By Mr. Scott, for an appropriation of \$50,000 from the appropriation for the education of the freedmen for the benefit of the Wilberforce University. Ohio, devoted to the education of colored students.
On motion of Mr. Ramsey, the bill to abolish the

franking privilege was made the special order for Tuesday next.

The calendar was then taken up, and the resolution offered by Mr. Ferry for the consideration in open session of all treaties for the acquisition of entire dominions of a foreign power was con-

Mr. Pomeroy said that when the President transmitted a confidential communication it was obligatory upon the Senate to see that the confidence was not violated. At 1:30 P. M. the Georgia bill was taken up, and speeches were delivered by Messrs. Spencer and Howard in opposition to the Bingham amendment.

Mr. Pratt asked leave to offer a resolution reciting that the Legislature of Virginia has vacated all the offices in Virginia by an act called the Enabling act, and has given the power of appointment to the Governor in some cases and the judges in others, and instructing the Reconstruction Committee to inquire and report whether the passage and enforcement of such act, and the consequent change in the form of government, taking the election of officers ig it to individuals, is not such a violation of the Constitution of Virginia and of the fundamental conditions on which the State was admitted to representation as to demand the interposition of Congress, in order that a republican

form of government may be secured in Virginia.

Mr. Brooks (N. Y.) objected.

Mr. Pratt remarked that if Mr. Brooks believed the action of his friends in Virginia to be constitu-tional, he certainly should have no objection to the

Mr. Brooks—We have had Virginia reconstructed hree or four times aiready.

Mr. Pratt—She needs reconstruction again.

Mr. Shanks (Ind.) offered a resolution in regard to

perfecting title in the Government to the National Cemeteries. Adopted. Mr. Sargent, from the Mining Committee, reported

a bill to amend the act of July 26, 1866, granting the right of way to ditch and canal owners over the pub-lic lands by adding to it several new sections allowing placer claims to be entered and patented at the rate of \$2 to an acre, providing that no placer claim shall exceed one hundred and sixty acres, etc. Mr. Sargent explained and advocated the provi-

Mr. Sargent explained and introduced the plantsions of the bill.

Mr. Julian opposed its passage.

After an hour's discussion between Mesars. Julian, Ferriss, Sargent, and Johnson the bill was passed.

Mr. Ferriss, from the Mining Committee, made an

Mr. Ferriss, from the Mining Committee, made an adverse report on a bill in the matter of the Sutro

Mr. Sargent made a minority report, and argued in favor of the measure as referred to the commit-tee, showing that the rejection of the bill continued Adolph Sutro in the enjoyment of valuable privileges to the injury of the mining companies. ing his remarks the morning hour expired, and the matter went over to the morning hour on Tuesday. The House then, at half-past 1, proceeded to the consideration of the two resolutions reported yester-day from the Military Committee in the matter of day from the Military Committee in Mr. Batler, of Tennessee, for the sale of a West Point cadetship, one resolution being for the conemnation of Mr. Butler and the other being for his

Mr. Logan, chairman of the committee, explained how it was that each resolution was signed by four members. The resolution condemning Butler had received a majority vote in the committee, but when the resolution came to be signed there were some members absent. The resolution of expulsion was really a minority report. He also said that the committee had agreed to have the testimony read and to leave the question without argument to the decision of the House, which was thereupon read.

General A Schemen settified to having through

General A. Schoeppe testified to having, through General Este, procured the appointment of Augustus C. Tyler from Mr. Butler, and to having paid General Este \$2300 for it, which he understood was to go to Tennessee to be used for election purposes.

General Daniel Tyler testified to having paid the money for hisson's app intment, and that he had been told by Mr. Cooper, President Johnson's pri-vate secretary, that such appointments were offered in Washington for money and by other friends that the thing was not uncommon.

General George P. Este testified that the negotiations with Mr. Butler had been made through him.

and that he had paid about one thousand dollars to Mr. Butler for it. He could not say how much he (Este) had received. That was all the experience he had had in that line of business. He had not made any proposition to pay Mr. Butler until after the appointment had been agreed on. It was upon his own (Este's) motion that he had suggested to Mr. Butler the propriety of his permitting him to give him a certain sum of money, and there was perhaps some talk as to the proposed canvass.

He thought that Mr. Butler mentioned the fact that there were two papers in his district that were that there were two papers in his district that were in a very bad condition and that required support. Butler had said to him in that conversation:—
"General, I do not know; I caunot take this for myself." He had never, before the appointment, preposed to Mr. Butler to pay him anything for it. He himself had felt no personal interest in the Techniques of Canyan. interest in the Tennessee press or cauvas, and did not care what Butler did with the money, but Butler had distinctly stated to him that he

would not receive it for himself.

The witnesses for the defense testified as fol-Samuel Milligan, of Tennessee, had received an samuel Miligan, of Tennessee, had received an appeintment to the Naval Academy for one of his sons from Butler; had never given him anything for it except thanks. He knew that Butler decided to appoint a boy from his own district to West Point, but there was no boy qualified.

The vote was taken on the resolution censuring Mr. Butler, of Tennessee, for selling cadetships, and

FOURTH EDITION FIFTH EDITION

The Great Storm at the North.

Roofs Crushed in by Snow.

Many Persons Seriously Hurt.

The Missouri Legislature. The Two Mayors of Richmond.

Serious Municipal Disturbance

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

FROM EUROPE.

Specie in Bank of France. By the Anglo-American Cable. Paris, March 17 .- The specie in the Bank of

France has increased 19,900,000f. since last Rochefort and the Murder Trial.

Henri Rochefort has been taken to Tours. where he is to appear as a witness in the Bonaparte-Noir homicide case Louis Noir announces in the public prints to-

day that he has now been admitted as a partie civile against Prince Bonaparte. The City of Boston Canard. London, March 17.—The Times prints the City of Bostoh canard uncorrected this morn-

ing. The underwriters have exacted seven guineas premium on the over-due steamer Samaria, while the premlum on the City of Boston has again been reduced. The question put by Sir J. Pakington in the

House of Commons, as to the everloading of the steamer City of Boston, has called from the Board of Trade a report giving extended rules and regulations for interior loading of ships, etc., etc.

FROM NEW YORK.

The Equinoctial Storm

ROCHESTER, N. Y., March 17 .- The storm continues, and the snow is wet and heavily packed. All the trains which should have reached this place yesterday morning arrived this morning with famished passengers. It is now believed that the trains will all be running on time by to-morrow evening.

The thermometer stood at 32 degrees. About 8 o'clock this morning the the roof of the carpenter shop on Greenwood avenue was crushed by the force of the snow. The brick walls of the building were forced out, and one of the walls fell upon an adjoining dwelling house, burying in the rubbish an old lady, Mrs. Loop. Her injuries are supposed to be fatal.

A man named William Dodd, while engaged in shovelling snow in the rear of the carpenter shop at the time of the disaster, had his leg broken and was otherwise injured. Several barns and other buildings have been crushed by the snow, and further disasters are apprehended.

FROM THE WEST.

Missouri Legislature.

St. Louis, March 17 .- The lower house yesterday passed a bill providing that whenever a county, city, or town issues bonds for public improvements, the proceeds of State and county taxes except, for school purposes, derived from increased valuation of taxable property over the assessment last made prior to the creation of the debt, be applied for ten years to the payment of the interest and principal of such debt, these taxes to be collected through the ordinary State machinery and paid into the State Treasury; the State treasury to pay the interest on such debts in the same manner as it pays the interest on State bonds. No county, city, town, or municipal township shall hereafter be permitted to incur a debt to exceed ten per cent. of the assessed value of taxable property.

18t. Patrick's Day in St. Louis St. Louis, March 17.—The Irish citizens are cele-brating St. Patrick's Day on a grander scale than for many years. The various benevolent, temperance, and other societies, citizens on horseback, in carriages, and on foot, formed in procession at 9 o'clock, paraded several prominent streets, with music, paraded several prominent streets, with music, flags, and banners, stopping at St. Patrick's Church, where mass was performed, and an eloquent panegyric pronounced by the Rev. P. F. O'Reilly; after which the procession was reformed and is now extending the parade. The line of march is crowded with spectators. The Knights of St. Patrick give a grand banquet at the Southern Hotel te-night, and one or two soutetes give balls. one or two societies give balls.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Einternal Revenue Receipts from Toba Despatch to the Associated Press.

Washington, March 17 .- Supervisor Presbury makes the following official statement of collections from tebacco in Virginia:— The collections from tebacco in this State for the fiscal year ending June 80, 1866, amounted to \$225,-928-58; for the fiscal year 1867, \$274,692-94; for the fiscal year 1868, \$413,912-85; for the fiscal year end-ing June, 1869, \$1,472,373-75; making a total collection for four years prior to July 1, 1869, \$2,386,90812. The collections made by stamps on tobacco for eight months of the present fiscal year, beginning Julyg1, 1869, amounted to \$2 762,712 79, or \$396,804 67 more

than was collected in toe four years previous.

The collections for the remaining four months of the present fiscal year, 1870, will make the aggregate tax from tobacco at least \$4,250,000. There has been shipped in bond, the last eight months. 11,796,329 pounds, the tax upon which is largely paid in the Northern cities. The prospects of the for the coming season are very flattering. revenue service, under the administration of the present officers, promises large additions to the collections during the coming ye ar.

FROM THE SOUTH.

Affairs in Virginia.

RICHMOND, March 17 .- For some time there have been rumors that the present authorities, in office by military appointment, intended resisting any move-ment to dispossess them till their successors were elected by the people, as they field the Enabling act, declaring the offices vacant, to be unconstitutional.

Last night the City Council, appointed by Governor Walker under the Enabling act, elected Henry K. Elison Mayor, and chose a new chief and captain of rolless.

This morning about daylight the new Chief,
Major John Poc, applied at the lower station-house
for possession, but was refused. Later in the day
Mayor Elliaon applied by letter to Mayor Cohoon for
the Mayor's office, books, etc., and was refused,
Cohoon declaring he was in office by law, and would
not yield until ejected by process from the courts.

Mr. Cohoon, who had possession of the lower station house proceeded to swear in special constables Mr. Cohoon, who had possession of the lower sta-tion house, proceeded to swear in special constables to the number of 150, including about 20 colored.

Mayor Ellison then proceeded to swear in about 200 special officers, and at one o'clock surrounded the lower station house, where Cohoon and his specials are, the plan being to arrest any of them who came out. Mayor Ellison has possession of the City Hall and all other public buildings, except the station houses, which are held by the opposite party.

The old police force is divided about equally between the two mayors. There is now a crowd of a thousand blacks and many whites congregated about the lower station house, which is the point of interest. Cohoon sent through his counsel, ex-Governor Wise, a letter to Governor Walker, stating his saion, and asking assistance to maintain his

THE LATEST NEWS.

The City of Boston Excitement.

The Butler Case Decided.

He is Censured-Not Expelled.

Etc. Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc. FROM HALIEAX.

The City of Boston Excitement. HALIFAX, March 17 .- There was great excitement in this city yesterday respecting the fate of the steamer City of Boston. Numerous despatches were received announcing her arrival, and were universally believed, and the subsequent despatches containing contrary reports had a sad effect. Business was almost generally suspended, the City Council failed to get a quorum, the Legislative Council met and passed resolutions of sympathy for the relatives and friends of the ill-fated passengers and then adjourned, and the Irish Society, as a mark of respect, will omit their annual dinner to-day.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Butler Censured, but not Expelled.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph, Washington, March 17.—Thejease of R. R. Butler, of Tennessee, came up as the regular order after the morning hour. At the request of General Logan the testimony in the care was all read by the Clerk, after which the House proceeded to vote. The substitute offered by General Logan in favor of expulsion was agreed to-yeas, 101; pays, 60,

The Speaker then stated that the House must vote directly on the question of expulsion, and that it would require two-thirds to expel. The House, by a vote of 102 yeas, to 68 nays, refused to expel Mr. Butler.

The resolution of censure was then adopted.

THE CONGRESS AND BROOKLYN .- The United States sloop-of-war Congress, which left the Navy Yard on the morning of the 15th inst. to proceed to Boston on her trial trip, stopped at Chester to procure ballast to bring her "by the stern." Yesterday she left the latter place. This vessel is commanded by Captain N. B. Harrison. A full list of her officers was published in

THE TELEGRAPH some days since.

Ever since the close of the Rebellion the United States frigate Brooklyn has been lying at the Navy Yard. Recently orders were re-ceived from Washington authorizing repairs to be made to her, preparatory to her being ordered to sea. The Brooklyn is a second class screw frigate of 2070 tons burden; was built in 1858, at New York, by Mr. Westervelt, under the supervision of the Naval Constructor at that port. During the late struggle she took an active part, During the late struggle she took an active part, being first the flagship of Admiral Farragut, Senior Officer of the Navy while in command of the Gulf squadron, and subsequently the flagship of Admiral Godon (now in command of the Navy Yard at New York) while commanding the South Atlantic squadron.

THE FATTED CALF KILLED .- A few days agowe published the mysterious disappearance of one Joseph Linderman, alias "Bell," a butcher r-siding at Twenty-fifth and Jefferson streets, with \$2100 in cash in his possession. Yesterday the mystery was partly cleared up by the return of Joseph, who it appears had been spending the time at Milford, Del., but with whom he does not know. He had on him a new suit of clothes and the greater portion of the cash. Maybe there wasn't rejoicing in that family over the return of Joseph; maybe the fatted calf was not killed, dressed, and served up; maybe the children didn't sing, "Oh, no! no! all for Joe Maybe not.

HEAVY ROBBERY .- At Sixth and York streets, on Tuesday night, was committed a deed of violence which has had the effect of awakening the whole police force, and which for audacity and completeness has scarcely ever been excelled At the point named is a grocery store and dwelling combined. Into this dwelling on Tuesday night some desperate burglars effected an entrance by prying open the back window shutter. Once inside they proceeded to the bedroom of the inmates, opened the door by means of nippers, entered the apartment and, horrible to relate, stole \$3 in cash. For further

particulars see small bills. THE KNIFE .- Late last evening a citizen, whilst proceeding along Tenth street, near Locust, was attacked by two ruffians named John McComb and John McGeary, and badly beaten. Finding the stranger was getting off rather easy, McComb drew from his pocket a knife and inflicted a fearful wound on cheek, laying it open from the cheek-bone to the mouth. An officer arriving, McComb was taken into custody, but McGeary escaped. former will have a hearing to-day before Alder-

man Kerr. "Sheridan's Ride."—Mr. T. Buchanan Read's picture of Sheridan's famous ride has made a great and almost unprecedented sensation. It is visited by crowds of persons every day, and it is gratifying to know that the artist will receive a handsome sum by the exhibition. Mr. T. B. Pugh, who has the picture in charge, will take it to other cities after the exhibition in this city closes, and with his skilful manageit will doubtless attract as much notice elsewhere as it has in Philadelphia.

THE "STAR" COURSE OF LECTURES .- The next "star" that Mr. Pugh will introduce is the humorist and poet, John G. Saxe, who will appear at the Academy of Music on Monday evening next, and discourse upon "French Folks at Home." After the lecture Mr. Saxe will recite, by request, his poems of "The Proud Miss McBride" and "The Press."

In Town .- Commissioner Delano, of the Internal Revenue Department, Washington, is in town looking after matters connected with his especial bureau. His time to-day has been principally taken up in a case now before the United States District Court.

CHICKENS .- Some lovers of poultry last night paid a visit to the chicken houses of a couple of centlemen at Chew and Wistar streets, Germantown, and robbed them of sixty-one fowls.

S. P. C. A .- Alderman Moore had held in \$500 hall to answer one John Connor for working a horse suffering from galled shoulders. Professor Rohrlg, of Cornell University,

received last week from the Sultan of Turkey the glittering star of the Imperial Order of the Mejidie, accompanied by a very flattering letter. PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES. Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S. Third Street. BETWEEN BOARDS. , Old., 109½ 2 sh Minehill R... 51½ m 68,89 93½ 2 sh Penna R... 56½ 0, 65.Jy.108 18 do..... 56½ \$100 City 6s, Old...100½ \$200 C & A m 6s, 89 93½ \$2000 U S 5-20, 65.Jy.108 100 sh O C & A R R. 42

SECOND BOARD. \$1400 City 68, New 10034 200 sh Penna ls. b60 5634 \$100 do 10134 20 do ... 5634 15h Leh V R ... 55 100 do ... 5634 20 do ... 55 55 77 do ... 85 5634 90 do ... 55 1 do ... 5634

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